

FILE REVIVAL

In the last installment of Disassembly Lines[1], we reviewed the mechanism of file deletion by the ProDOS 8 machine language interface (MLI). Up to and including ProDOS version 1.2, deleted files could not be recovered without a troublesome patch to the ProDOS system file[2]. With the inception of ProDOS version 1.3, the integrity of file index blocks is preserved, making possible both the recovery of deleted files and the repair of damaged disks. In this respect, ProDOS has finally caught up to DOS 3.3.

With single-minded purpose, this article eschews disassembly and plunges into the creation of a sophisticated, menu-driven utility that enables you to recover deleted ProDOS files. PFR is the name, and undeletion is the game. ProDOS File Recovery (PFR) functions with all versions of ProDOS and all disk devices; however, *files to be recovered must have been deleted under ProDOS version 1.3 or later*. For a detailed explanation of this phenomenon, please review the prior column.

USING THE PROGRAM

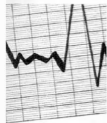
A deleted file must be recovered immediately after deletion. Save and write operations add data to the disk and may appropriate index and data blocks



owned previously by the deleted file. Complete recovery of the deleted file can be assured, therefore, only if no information has been placed on the disk between deletion and restoration.

Volume Menu

To run PFR, type BRUN PFR. You are presented with a menu of active volume names. Up to 16 disk devices are supported by current versions of ProDOS 8. The bottom section of the screen contains program commands. Initially, the first menu item is highlighted (selected). The arrow keys move you around the menu, Escape restarts the program, and the Q key allows you to quit. Pressing Return brings the contents of the selected volume directory into view. If the root directory has neither subdirectory (DIR) nor deleted (DEL) files, DIRECTORY EMPTY appears in the message box and pressing a key



directory, provided that the directory isn't "empty" or doesn't contain more than 256 DIR and DEL files. In the latter instance, or if directory size exceeds available memory, the message DIRECTORY TOO LARGE is printed. If the volume bitmap (VBM) can't fit into RAM, BITMAP TOO LARGE appears.

Holding down the Open-Apple key while hitting Return returns you to the prior directory level, no matter which file is highlighted. Thus, pressing Return alone or in combination with the Open-Apple key enables you to move through the contents of the volume with ease.

Undeleting a File

If the Return key is depressed when a DEL file is selected, the usual message box is replaced with the name of the deleted file, the file's storage type (e.g., seedling, sapling, tree, directory), the status of the blocks owned by that file (e.g. free, used), and the all-important query, "Undelete the file (Y/N)?" A default response is provided. If all file blocks are free, the default is Y and pressing either Return or the Y key reincarnates the file. If any file block is reserved by another file, BLOCK(S) IN USE is

This month's Disassembly Lines is also our cover feature — it contains a full-featured utility for recovering deleted files.

returns you to the volume menu. If a selected directory can't fit into memory, DIRECTORY TOO LARGE is printed.

Directory Menu

Volume directories can house no more than 51 files, whereas 65,535 files may exist within a subdirectory. More information is displayed in this menu: The full directory pathname and level number are displayed at the top of the screen; only DIR and DEL

printed and the default is N, in which case striking RETURN or N cancels the undeletion. Of course, the suggested action may be overridden by an alternate response. If the message BAD BLOCK NUMBER appears during file recovery, the undeletion process is canceled automatically because an index block has been irrevocably destroyed or was created under a pre-1.3 version of ProDOS.

If you are desperate and decide to exhume a file containing blocks reserved by another file, please back up the entire disk before beginning the undeletion. If the main bulk of the file is recovered successfully, copying it to the backup disk ensures that no file on the backup disk will be corrupted. The backup disk must now become your working disk, and your old working disk should be reformatted.

The name of a deleted file may not meet your expectation if the file had been renamed before it was deleted. All versions of ProDOS handle the RENAME command by overwriting the filename field (FNF) with the new name and changing the length nibble. If a longer filename had been substituted for a shorter name, no incongruity is encountered. In the reverse case, a portion of the former longer name remains in the FNF. Since the length nibble had been zeroed when the file was deleted, PFR prints all ASCII characters in the FNF and may generate strange names under the circumstances just outlined.

For example, suppose you save a BASIC program with the name RANDOM. The filename field contains that name, and the length nibble is 6. You then rename that

files are contained in the menu, and the help line of the directory menu is expanded. As many as 4 columns of 16 entries can appear simultaneously. The Up- and Down-Arrow keys function as expected. The Right- and Left-Arrow keys operate only if a filename is visible to the side of the selected filename. If the directory houses more than 64 entries, some filenames are hidden. MouseText's Up-Arrow characters above the first visible entry signify that additional filenames may be brought into view by pressing the Up-Arrow key when the top file is selected. MouseText's Down-Arrows are displayed if more entries exist beyond the final visible filename, in which case pressing the Down-Arrow key causes hidden names to materialize. Escape and Q provide the same functions as in the volume menu.

The Return key now has three possible functions. If a DIR file is selected, pressing Return takes you to that

file RATF. The length nibble is now 4; only the first four characters of the filename field are changed. If you delete RATF and try to recover it, PFR will list it as RATFOM, because the rename process had converted a longer filename to a shorter one, leaving all the trailing characters in the filename field intact. The trick to pinpointing a deleted file, therefore, is to search the menu strings from left to right for your target filename.

With the inception of ProDOS version 1.3, the integrity of file index blocks is preserved.

PFR is capable of revitalizing deleted DIR files. Since DIR files can be deleted only if they are empty, why in the world would PFR waste its time on such nonsense? Have you ever used utilities such as ProSEL or Copy II Plus to delete entire directories? What if one of the deleted files in the deleted directory was vital? You could not exlume the file unless the directory was first restored. Whatever you may think of PFR, it is no dummy.

After successfully undeleting a file, you are returned to the directory menu which contained the target file. If a nondirectory file has been exhumed, it no longer appears in the menu. A restored directory file still appears, but its file type has been changed from DEL to DIR. If your target nondirectory file is the lone file in the current menu, and that file is exhumed, you are returned to the prior directory level instead of the empty menu.

To practice using PFR, run PRACTICE.PFR, a short Applesoft program that creates and deletes various types of files on the volume whose name is inserted into line 20. At least 117 blocks of disk space are required, and a fresh ProDOS RAM disk is an ideal medium. It's better to become friendly with PFR before a crisis strikes.

ENTERING THE PROGRAM

If you have an assembler, enter the source code from Listing 1 and assemble it; save the object file as PFR. If you don't have an assembler, enter the Monitor with CALL -151 and key in the hex code from Listing 2. Save the program with the command:

```
BSAVE PFR,AS900,LSAD3
```

Type in the Applesoft program shown in Listing 3 and save it with the command:

```
SAVE PRACTICE.PFR
```

If PFR is to be run on an unenhanced file (PFR will not run on a II Plus), changes must be made to prevent the program from trying to put MouseText characters on the screen. To make the

necessary changes, load PFR into memory with the command:

BLOAD PFR

Enter the monitor (CALL -151) and type:

```
0A25:4C 41 0A
```

followed by:

```
12E7:A0 A0 DE A0 DE A0 DE A0 DE A0 DE  
12F2:A0 A0 00  
12F5:A0 A0 F6 A0 F6 A0 F6 A0 F6 A0 F6  
1300:A0 A0 00
```

Resave it to disk with the command:

```
BSAVE PFR,AS900,LSAD3
```

For help with entering Nibble listings, see the Typing Tips section in this magazine.

HOW THE PROGRAM WORKS

Since the program is lengthy, I'll concentrate on its organization and major features. The detailed comments in Listing 1 should provide you with explanations missed by this description.

Organization

Control of PFR is centered in the main program loop which is divided into five parts:

1. Initialization (lines 63-74)
2. Volume menu (lines 78-89)
3. Directory menu (lines 93-130, 176-183)
4. Quit code (lines 134-136)
5. Error handler (lines 140-172).

Main loop subroutines occupy lines 187-802. The section of PFR devoted to file undeletion is found in lines 806-880, and the undeletion subroutines encompass lines 886-1322. Parameter lists (lines 1326-1351), storage locations (lines 1355-1388), tables (lines 1392-1393) and text (lines 1399-1431) are placed toward the end of Listing 1. Pointers (lines 39-42) are in page zero, and major buffers are external (lines 43-49).

External Buffers

A standard ProDOS buffer, TXBUF2 (secondary text buffer at \$280-\$2FF), holds the filename of the current directory. Its leading byte contains the length of that filename.

RBUF (route buffer at \$1500-\$15FF) houses the chain of key directory block numbers accessed by the user. The low-order block numbers are stored in the first 128 bytes of RBUF, and the high-order numbers are held in the second half of the page. ROUTEFLG (described below) indexes the active directory number in RBUF.

PBUF (pointer buffer at \$1600-\$18FF) occupies three pages; the first two pages hold the low- and high-order bytes, respectively, of the pointers to file entries within the current directory. File type codes are stored in the last page of PBUF.

KBUF (key buffer at \$1900-\$1AFF) contains the contents of the key block of the file selected for undeletion.

SBUF (subindex block buffer at \$1B00-\$1CFF) is a repository for the contents of the subindex block(s) of the file being exhumed.

OBUF (OPEN buffer at \$1D00-\$20FF) services the MLI OPEN call. It houses the open file's active index block in its upper two pages and a data block in the lower two pages.

Because DBUF (directory buffer at \$2100-\$21MEM) receives

the entire current directory, its length is variable. This buffer also is used to store the volumes generated by the ON__LINE call.

VBUF (VBM buffer) begins on the first page boundary following the end of DBUF, and its size also varies.

Pointers

PPTR points to text printed via the PRTMSG subroutine (lines 189-199). DPTR zeroes in on file entries within DBUF and VBMBUF. SPTR points at the selected entry within DBUF. IXPTR points to block numbers within index blocks.

Flags

ROUTEFLG (line 1355) points one location beyond the key (first) block number of the active directory in RBUF. When ROUTEFLG equals zero, the volume menu is active. As each new directory level is reached, ROUTEFLG is incremented by one and indexes the location within RBUF where the new key directory block number is stored.

On returning from a command in the directory menu, SELFLG (line 1356) controls which menu line is selected. A positive value highlights the first menu entry. If SELFLG is negative, the current selection is maintained.

BAKUPFLG (line 1357) regulates which directory is exhibited. If the flag is set (negative), the prior directory level is accessed. On BAKUPFLG clear (positive), the current directory is sustained.

During the display of a directory, DIR files are printed before DEL files. SCANFLG (line 1358) orchestrates this partition as directories are scanned. On SCANFLG positive, DIR files are dug out. When the flag is negative, DEL files are procured.

WRIXFLG (line 1359) governs the writing of index blocks to disk. Writing is suppressed by a clear (positive) flag and enabled by a set (negative) flag.

Initialization

When this utility is started or restarted, 80-column mode is enabled, all files are closed, and several flags are cleared. The key block of a volume, block number 2, is always stuffed into the first location of RBUF.

Volume Menu

After printing the message box containing instructions, the ON__LINE call polls all disk devices and deposits the data in DBUF; up to 16 devices may be connected. For an explanation of the MLI ON__LINE command, glance at one of your three ever-faithful ProDOS companions [3-5].

The menu of on-line volumes is revealed by PRTVOL (lines 320-370), which extracts the data from DBUF. User commands are processed by GETMKEY (lines 691-729), which will be dissected later.

Directory Menu

On entering the directory menu from the volume menu, SETTXB (lines 401-414) places the name of the root directory into TXBUF2, the pathname buffer for the MLI OPEN call. As succeeding directories are reached, SETTXB concatenates their names with the pathname already in TXBUF2. In this

Thus, pressing Return alone or in combination with the Open-Apple key enables you to move through the contents of the volume with ease.

manner, a full directory pathname is maintained in the buffer.

Deriving the key block number from the file entry of the directory to be secured, GETKYBLK (lines 267-275) places the block number into RBUF.

GETDIR (lines 418-470) opens the directory file, calculates its length, and determines if the file would fit between the start of DBUF and HIMEM. If the file size is satisfactory, the new directory is read into DBUF and all files are closed. If the

directory header establishes that no more than 255 entries exist, the type of directory is checked. The subroutine ends if a subdirectory is being examined. On finding a volume directory, header information is stored in program memory, and the size of the VBM is calculated before GETDIR returns to its caller.

SCANDIR (lines 487-587) scans DBUF for DIR and DEL files, using SCANFLG to segment the two file types. As each pertinent entry is uncovered, a 2-byte pointer to its location is stored in the first and second pages of PBUF, and its file type code (e.g., DIR is \$0F, DEL is \$00) is stuffed into the final page of PBUF. When all files have been handled, the total number of menu entries is obtained and ROUTEFLG is incremented as long as BAKUPFLG is clear. If the directory contains neither DIR nor DEL files, DIRECTORY EMPTY appears in the message box. If none of the prior subroutines has generated an error, command instructions are printed, and SELFLG is tested to determine which menu line should be selected.

If all file blocks are free, the default is "Y" and pressing either Return or the Y key reincarnates the file.

PRTDIR (lines 591-618) employs several subroutines to display the contents of the current directory. PRTTXB (lines 386-397) outputs the full name of the directory on the top screen line. CKTOPARW (lines 622-628) ascertains whether the first file to be printed is the initial entry in the directory. If not, MouseText Up-Arrows are placed on the second line; if so, the second line is cleared. PRENTRY (lines 643-668) withdraws the data from PBUF and prints the file type and filename. A simple loop allows as many as 64 entries to be shown. PRTDIR exits via CKBOTARW (lines 632-639), which displays MouseText Down-Arrows if more entries exist.

GETMKEY (lines 691-729) fetches a menu keypress and routes certain commands to specific handler routines. On returning to its caller, the action taken by GETMKEY is indicated by the state of five processor status flags and the A-Register. A summary of these settings is presented in lines 691-698.

Escape and Q are processed forthwith. Whereas Return has a singular purpose in the volume menu, this key serves three

functions in the directory menu: procuring a new directory, backing up to the prior directory, and recovering a deleted file. RTN (lines 785-794) interprets a carriage return and an Open-Apple keypress and ensures that the above-noted flags are conditioned properly. If file recovery is signaled, flow passes to the common undeletion code (see the Undeletion section). When GETMKEY returns to the main program loop, critical flags and registers are tested and appropriate action is taken.

Quitting

If the Q command has been issued, the directory menu allows for a change of heart via CKEXIT (lines 125-130). If exit is confirmed, the quit code returns control to BASIC.

Error Handler

Most errors demand the stripping of one file level from TXBUF2 by STRIPTXB (lines 374-382). If an error occurred during undeletion, the strip is unnecessary. MLI error codes are positive numbers, i.e., S00-S7F, which are decoded by BADCALL. The corresponding BASIC interpreter (BI) error message is output by PRINTERR. Both are BI global page subroutines. Negative values, e.g., SF0-SF3, are assigned to internal errors, which are handled directly by HANDLERR, the program error handler. After pausing to view the error message, ROUTEFLG indicates which menu should be displayed. If the directory menu is called for, ROUTEFLG is decremented and the selected line is preserved by setting SELFLG. Should the volume menu be required, PFR is restarted.

Undeletion

When file recovery is invoked, the common undeletion code calls SETDSPLY (lines 886-971) to fill the top line of the message box with the name of the file to be restored, the storage type of that file, and the fields for counting free and used file blocks. GETVMBMF (lines 1004-1017) calculates the beginning page of the VBM buffer and checks whether this buffer fits the memory constraints imposed by BASIC. RDVBM (lines 1027-1047) reads one or more VBM blocks into memory. After ZBLKS (lines 1051-1056) zeroes the count of free and used blocks and PRTLBKS (lines 1071-1082) prints the result in the message box, GETUKYBL (lines 1086-1094) obtains the key block number of the target file. FIXVBM (lines 1098-1139) finds the position of a given block number in the VBM, determines whether that block is free or used, prints its finding in the message box, and ensures that the target block is reserved. If the block number being processed exceeds maximum size on that volume, the fatal BAD BLOCK NUMBER message is generated.

If a seedling file is being exhumed, control passes directly to DOUNDEL (lines 845-868), the heart of the undeletion code. Before any other storage type undergoes specific treatment, SETKYBLK (lines 1267-1277) fixes parameters for the key file block.

A directory file is handled by DIRECTRY (lines 839-841), which calls DODIR (lines 1281-1322) to prepare for file reclamation by counting the free and used blocks, reserving file blocks in the VBM, and reconstructing the zeroed storage__type and name__length byte in the header.

In deleting a file, the MLI reverses the usual low-order/high-order sequence in all index blocks (see "D/L," Vol. 8/No. 11). DOIX (lines 1182-1210) readies the key index block for restoration by reading the block into KBUF and reversing the high- and low-order bytes of the block numbers so that a normal rela-

tionship is reestablished. In addition, DOIX calls FIXVBM to reserve within the VBM each block encountered. At this stage, the single index block of a sapling file or the master index block of a tree file has been repaired.

If a sapling file is under scrutiny, all is ready for DOUNDEL. Tree files are further treated by DOSUBIX (lines 1214-1230), which employs DOIX to restore order to each and every subindex block.

Regardless of storage type, control eventually passes to DOUNDEL where CKUNDEL (lines 1143-1178) allows the user to view the block usage fields and decide whether to proceed with the recovery. If the answer is no, undeletion is canceled and the directory menu is reprinted. An affirmative reply causes DOUNDEL to replace the zeroed first byte of the file entry with an accurate storage__type and name__length. WRKEYSIX (lines 1234-1248) writes the key block to disk, thus etching into magnetic or electronic memory the master index block of a tree file, the index block of a sapling file, or the header block of a directory file. After setting WRXFLG, the latter subroutine exits through DOSUBIX, which writes subindex blocks of a tree file to disk. DOUNDEL completes its task by calling WRITVBM (lines 1021-1047) and WRITDIR (lines 975-1000) to write the VBM and directory, respectively, back to disk.

The undeletion process continues with lines 863-864, which issue a backup signal if file restoration has caused an empty directory, and lines 865-868, which adjust the menu selection if the last file in the directory has been deleted. Before returning to the main loop, lines 872-880 condition the processor status register and accumulator so that the main loop will understand what has transpired during file restoration. Note: the decimal flag is turned on to signal an undeletion error. Because decimal mode can wreak havoc with a program, the flag is cleared immediately on returning to the main loop.

Debugging and Testing

Debugging a program as complex as PFR takes longer than writing the utility. During this testing process, I have annihilated several nests of termites. For the past two weeks, no glitches have occurred using hard disk and floppy media. Does this mean that PFR is perfect? Not on your life! Continue to back up all vital work so that unexpected destruction of a disk will not cause you undue hardship. As usual, if any aberrations surface, please drop me a line. I would like PFR to be the definitive program for file recovery, and I need your help.

REFERENCES

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2. Mossberg, S., "Disassembly Lines: The CAT and CATALOG Commands," *Nibble*, May 1986, pp. 114-128.
3. *ProDOS TECHNICAL REFERENCE MANUAL*, Reading, MA: Addison-Wesley Publishing Company, Inc.
4. Little, Gary. *APPLE ProDOS: ADVANCED FEATURES FOR PROGRAMMERS*. Bowie, MD: Brady Communications Company, Inc. (a Prentice-Hall Publishing Company), 1985.
5. Worth, Don and Pieter Lechner. *BENEATH APPLE ProDOS*. Chatsworth, CA: Quality Software, 1984.

LISTING 1: PFR.S

```

1      LST  ON
2  *-----*
3  *
4  *      PFR - S
5  *      ProDOS File Recovery
6  *      by Sandy Mossberg
7  *
8  *      Copyright (c) 1988
9  *      by MicroSPARC, Inc.
10 *      Concord, MA 01742
11 *
12 *-----*
13 CV      = $20      ;cursor row
14 INVFLG  = $32      ;inverse flag
15 MENSIZ  = $73      ;MINEM
16 DCSHRM  = $300     ;waitstart ProDOS
17 OUCHR   = $578     ;cursor column (80-column)
18 PRINTER = $B0C     ;print error message
19 RACALL  = $B00     ;convert MI error to BI error
20 MI      = $BF0     ;MI call
21 KEY     = $C000    ;keypress storage
22 STROBE  = $C010    ;keyboard strobe
23 $OTNE   = $C0E1    ;Open-Apple status
24 CROM    = $C300    ;initialize 80-column mode
25 DEVNUM  = $BF30    ;I/O of active device
26 PBLPK   = $F948    ;output 3 spaces
27 PBLR2   = $F9A4    ;output X-Register spaces
28 HOME    = $F5C8    ;home cursor, clear screen
29 CLREDC  = $F4C2    ;clear to end of page
30 CLREOL  = $F4FC    ;clear to end of line
31 $F0NC   = $F0C0    ;get suppress
32 CROUT   = $F0E0    ;output CR
33 PBYTTE  = $F0DA    ;print hex byte
34 $F0D1   = $F0D0    ;output char
35 SETINV  = $FE80    ;set inverse text mode
36 SETNORM = $FE84    ;set normal text mode
37 BELL    = $F73A    ;output bell char
38 *-----*
39 IIPTR   = $EE      ;ptr to i-index buffers
40 OPTR    = $FA      ;ptr to data and VBR buffers
41 $PTR    = $FC      ;ptr to selected file
42 PFR     = $FE      ;ptr to text
43 TIBUF2  = $200     ;pathname buffer
44 RBUF    = $1600    ;buffer for key block numbers
45 PBUF    = $1680    ;buffer for file pointers
46 KBUF    = $10A0    ;buffer for key block
47 SBUF    = $1800    ;buffer for subindex block
48 OBUF    = $10D0    ;buffer for OPEN call
49 DIRFILES = $2180   ;buffer for READ 8 ON-LINE calls
50 DIRFILES = $2184   ;start of dir entries
51 ENTLN   = $218C    ;entry length
52 ENTPBL  = $2194    ;entry res. per block
53 FILCNT  = $219C    ;file count (active files)
54 HXMPTR  = $21A4    ;bit map pointer
55 HTOTBLK = $21AC    ;total blocks
56 *-----*
57 *
58 *      ORG $000
59 *-----*
60 *-----*
61 * MAIN PROGRAM LOOP:
62 *-----*
63 RESTART LDA #BI      ;unprintable char
64         JSR CROM      ;turn on 80-column
65         JSR CLOSALL   ;close all files
66         LDA #0
67         STA ROUTEFLG  ;flag volume menu
68         STA SELLIN    ;select 1st line in volume menu
69         STA TOPSCR    ;put 1st line at top of screen
70         STA SELFLG    ;clear selected flag
71         STA TIBUF2    ;fill count in TIBUF2
72         STA RBUF+128  ;key block of
73         LDA #?        ; volume dir
74         STA RBUF      ; always $0002
75 *-----*
76 * Volume Menu:
77 *-----*
78         JSR PTRHELP1  ;print instructions
79         JSR MI        ;execute ON-LINE call
80         HEX C5
81         DA DLPARM
82         BCS HANDLERR  ;MI error
83 ;: JSR PRTVOL        ;print on-line volumes
84         BCS HANDLERR  ;no volume on-line
85         BCS GETMKY   ;get command keypress
86         BCS ?        ;Arrow key struck
87         BNE RESTART  ;Escape restarts volume search
88         CMP #?
89         BEQ CEXIT    ;QUIT if you agree

```

```

90 *-----*
91 * Directory Menu:
92 *-----*
93 PROCDIR JSR SETTR    ;put filename in TIBUF2
94 PROCDIR JSR GETTYBLK ;get key block from file entry
95 PROCDIR JSR GETDIR   ;read dir into memory
96         BCS HANDLERR  ;MI error or dir too big
97         JSR SCANDIR   ;scan dir
98         BCS HANDLERR  ;dir empty or too large
99         JSR HOME
100        JSR PTRHELP2  ;print instructions
101        BIT SELFLG
102        BMI 1          ;selected line unchanged
103        LDA #0         ;select 1st line in dir
104        STA SELLIN    ;menu and start printing
105        STA TOPSCR    ;from top of dir
106 ;: LSR SELFLG        ;clear select flag
107 ;: JSR PRTDIR        ;print dir files
108        JSR GETMKY    ;get command keypress
109        BCC ?         ;Arrow key changes selection
110        BVS PROCBACK  ;Open-Apple>Returns gets prior dir
111        BNE TORSTART  ;escape restarts volume search
112        CMP #?        ;QUIT
113        BNE ?
114        ORG PROCDIR   ;RTN gets next dir
115        PHX           ;RTN handles UNDELETE
116        PLA          ;get P-Register into Accumulator
117        AND #00001000 ;check decimal mode
118        RFD REPRINT   ;reprint dir after undelete
119        CLD          ;clear decimal mode
120        LDA UERRCODE  ;get error code
121        BNE HANDLERR  ;always
122 *-----*
123 * Check Exit from Program:
124 *-----*
125 CEXIT JSN CLRBOX    ;clear message box
126        JSR CRQUIT   ;check exit
127        BEQ QUIT     ;YES means we're done
128        LDA ROUTEFLG
129        BNE TORSTART ;restart from volume menu
130        BNE REPRINT  ;always reprint dir menu
131 *-----*
132 * QUIT:
133 *-----*
134 QUIT  LDA QUIT
135        JSR SETROW   ;24th row
136        JMP DOSTRW
137 *-----*
138 * MAIN LOOP ERROR HANDLER:
139 *-----*
140 HANDLERR JSR STRIPTXB ;strip 1 file level from TIBUF2
141          JSR CLRBOX   ;clear message box
142          JSR $F6      ;error code in Accumulator
143          BCC #5       ;MI error code
144          BEQ #1       ;DIRECTORY TOO LARGE error
145          CMP #F01     ;
146          BEQ #2       ;DIRECTORY EMPTY error
147          CMP #F02     ;
148          BEQ #3       ;BITMAP TOO LARGE error
149          LDA #TIBLK  ;BAD BLOCK NUMBER error
150          LDA #+TIBLK
151          BNE #4       ;always
152          LDX #TIBD1G
153          LDA #+TIBD1G
154          BNE #4       ;always
155          LDX #TIBDMP1
156          LDA #+TIBDMP1
157          BNE #4       ;always
158          RNE #4
159          LDA #+TIBV6G
160          JSR PTRMSG   ;always
161          BEQ #6
162          BNE #5       ;convert MI error to BI error
163          JSR PRINTER  ;print dir menu error message
164          JSR PAUSE    ;pause
165          LDA ROUTEFLG ;check error direction
166          BEQ TORSTART ;fatal error
167          LDA #1
168          STA SELFLG  ;preserve selected line
169          DEC ROUTEFLG ;restore key block
170          JSR CLOSALL ;close all files
171          JMP PROCDIR ;reprint dir menu
172          TORSTART    ;restart volume search
173 *-----*
174 * Backup to Prior Directory:
175 *-----*
176 PROCBACK LDA ROUTEFLG
177          BEQ TORSTART ;already in volume menu
178          JSR STRIPTXB ;strip 1 file level
179          DEC ROUTEFLG ;one file level
180          BEQ TORSTART ;now in volume menu
181          LDA #1
182          STA SELLIN ;still in dir menu so
183          JMP WAKPFLG ;avoid bumping ROUTEFLG
184          JSR PROCDIR ;display prior dir
185 *-----*
186 * MAIN LOOP SUBROUTINES:
187 *-----*
188 * Print Message:
189 PRTMSG STY PPTR     ;save ptr
190         STA PPTR+1
191         LDX #0
192         LDA (PPTR),Y ;get char
193         BEQ ?        ;end-of-message marker
194         JSR OUT      ;print char
195         INY
196         SNE #1      ;loop back
197         INC PPTR+1  ;bump page
198         BNE #1      ;always loop back
199         RFS
200 *-----*
201 * Pause for Keypress:
202 *-----*

```

LISTING 1: PFR.S continued from page 22

```

203 PAUSE LDY #TXTPAUSE
204 LDA #>TXTPAUSE
205 JSR PRMSG ;print "Hit a key" message
206 JMP RDKEY ;pause for keypress
-----
207
208 * Print Help Box:
209
210 PRTHLP1 LDX #14 ;center volume help line
211 HEX 2C ;skip next 2-byte instruction
212 PRTHLP2 LDX #1 ;center dir help line
213 LDA #19
214 JSR SETROW ;start at 21st row
215 LDA #S1B ;activate mouse chars
216 JSR COUT
217 LDA #S0F
218 JSR COUT
219 LDA #5" ;dash mouse char
220 LDY #80 ; printed 80 times
221 :1 JSR COUT
222 DEY
223 BNE :1
224 LDA #S0E ;deactivate mouse chars
225 JSR COUT
226 LDA #S1B
227 JSR COUT
228 STX CURCH ;uses entry X-Register to center line
229 LDY #TXTHLP1
230 LDA #>TXTHLP1
231 JSR PRMSG ;print help line
232 LDA ROUTEFLG
233 BEQ :2 ;handling volume menu
234 LDY #TXTHLP2
235 LDA #>TXTHLP2
236 JSR PRMSG ;add to help line
237 :2 JSR CROUT
238 JSR CROUT
239 LDA #29
240 STA CURCH ;center title message
241 LDY #TXTCAT
242 LDA #>TXTCAT
243 JMP PRMSG ;print title message
-----
244
245 * Close All Files:
246
247 CLOSALL JSR MLI ;execute CLOSE call
248 HEX CC
249 DA CLPARM
250 RTS ;no error expected
-----
251
252 * Check for Selected Line:
253
-----
254
255 CKSELLIN LDA CURLIN
256 CMP SELLIN
257 BNE :1 ;current line not selected
258 LDA DPTR ;point SPTR at selected entry
259 STA SPTR
260 LDA DPTR+1
261 STA SPTR+1
262 LDA #S3F ;set inverse
263 STA INVFLG ; text mode
264 :1 RTS
-----
265
266 * Get Key Block of Selected File:
267
268 GETKYBLK LDX ROUTEFLG
269 BEQ :1 ;no file read into DBUF
270 LDY #S11
271 LDA (SPTR),Y ;get key subdirectory
272 STA RBUF,X ; block LSB
273 INY
274 LDA (SPTR),Y ;get key subdirectory
275 STA RBUF+128,X ; block MSB
276 :1 RTS
-----
277
278 * Print Filename in Data Buffer:
279
280 PRTRBUF LDY #0
281 LDX #15 ;anticipate deleted file
282 LDA (DPTR),Y ;get 1st byte
283 AND #S0F ;isolate name length
284 BEQ :1 ;deleted file
285 TAX ;X-Register is name-length counter
286 LDA (DPTR),Y ;Y-Register indexes DBUF
287 BNE :2 ;end of deleted filename
288 DEY ;adjust index for deleted file
289 BPL :3 ;always
290 :2 ORA #S80 ;convert to negative ASCII
291 JSR COUT
292 DEX
293 BNE :1 ;loop back for another char
294 :3 CPY #15
295 BCS :4 ;15 chars printed
296 LDA # " ;fill with spaces
297 JSR COUT
298 INY ;bump char count
299 BNE :3 ;always
300 :4 LDA #S3F ;restore normal
301 STA INVFLG ; text mode
302 RTS
-----
303
304 * Clear Instruction Box:
305
306 CLRBOX PHA ;save Accumulator
307 LDA #28
308 JSR SETROW ;22nd row
309 JSR CLREOP
310 PLA ;restore entry Accumulator
311 RTS

```

```

312
313 * Set Row:
314 -----
315 SETROW STA CV
316 JSR JMP CROUT
317 -----
318 * Print Online Volumes:
319 -----
320 RETVOL LDA #599 ;Control-Y
321 JSR COUT ;home cursor with screen intact
322 LDY #TXLSLDRV
323 LDA #+TXLSLDRV
324 JSR PRTHSG ;print column headers
325 LDA #FFF ;prepare to zero
326 STA CURLIN ;line count
327 LDA #RBUF ;point at ON.LINE buffer
328 STA DPTR
329 LDA #DBUF
330 STA DPTR+1
331 LDA #16 ;counter for 16 possible
332 STA TEMP ;on-line volumes
333 LDY #0
334 LDA (DPTR),Y ;get 1st byte in volume entry
335 AND #0F ;isolate length byte
336 BEQ : ;zero length indicates error
337 INC CURLIN
338 JSR CHSELLN ;check if current line selected
339 LDA (DPTR),Y ;get 1st entry byte again
340 LSR ;shift high nibble
341 LSR ; into low nibble
342 LSR
343 LSR
344 AND #7 ;isolate slot bits
345 ORA #0 ;convert to negative ASCII
346 JSR COUT ;print slot number
347 LDA #"/"
348 JSR COUT ;print slash
349 LDA (DPTR),Y ;get 1st entry byte yet again
350 ASL ;drive 1=CC, drive 2=C5
351 LDA #1"
352 ADC #0 ;pick up carry
353 JSR COUT ;print drive number
354 JSR PBLANK
355 JSR PRTHBUF ;print volume name
356 JSR CROUT
357 CLC
358 LDA DPTR ;bump ptr by
359 ADC #16 ; 16 chars per
360 STA DPTR ; ON.LINE entry
361 BCC :
362 INC DPTR+1
363 DEC TEMP ;reduce volume counter
364 BNE : ;loop back for more volumes
365 SEC ;anticipate no on-line volume
366 LDA CURLIN
367 BNE : ;no on-line volume
368 STA TOTLIN ;save total menu lines
369 CLC ;signal no error
370 RTS ;CC=on-line vol, C5=on-line vol
371 -----
372 * Strip One File Level from TXBUF2:
373 -----
374 STRIPTRB #A ;save Accumulator
375 LDA TXBUF2 ;get 1st byte
376 LDA TXBUF2,X ;get TXBUF2 char
377 DEC TXBUF2 ;reduce length
378 SKN ;until
379 CMP #"/" ;no slash found
380 BNE : ;no slash yet
381 PLA ;restore entry Accumulator
382 RTS
383 -----
384 * Print Directory Pathname in TXBUF2:
385 -----
386 PRHTTB LDX #0
387 LDA TXBUF2+1,X ;get char
388 ORA #180 ;convert to negative ASCII
389 JSR COUT
390 INX
391 CPY TXBUF2 ;check length byte
392 BCC : ;loop back for more
393 LDA # " "
394 JSR COUT ;skip space
395 LDA ROUTEFLG
396 JSR PRHTTE ;print dir level
397 JMP CROUT
398 -----
399 * Put Directory Pathname into TXBUF2:
400 -----
401 SETTB LDY #0
402 LDA (SPTR),Y ;get 1st byte
403 AND #0F ;isolate name length
404 STA TEMP ;and save it
405 LDA #"/" ;start with file separator
406 LDX TXBUF2
407 INX ;X-Register indexes TXBUF2
408 INY ;Y-Register indexes DBUF
409 STA TXBUF2,X ;save name char in TXBUF2
410 LDA (SPTR),Y ;get next name char from DBUF
411 DEC TEMP ;reduce counter
412 SPL ;loop back for another char
413 STA TXBUF2 ;length byte precedes name
414 RTS
415 -----
416 * Read Directory File into Memory:
417 -----
418 GETDIR JSR MLI ;execute OPEN call
419 HEX CB
420 DA OPFARM
421 BCS TOKATERI ;MLI error
422 LDA OPREFNUM ;stuff file ref num
423 STA RWFNUM ; into R/W parmist and
424 STA EDREFNUM ; GET.EOF parmist
425 JSR MLI ;execute GET.EOF call
426 HEX DL
427 DA EOFFARM
428 TOKATERI BCS FATALERR ;fatal error
429 LDA EOF+1 ;stuff dir file length
430 STA #RCOUNT+1 ; into R/W parmist
431 LDA EOF
432 STA #WCOUNT
433 LDA #MEMSIZE+1 ;calculate memory available
434 SBC #DBUF-256 ; (compensate for clear carry)
435 CMP EOF+1
436 BCC DBIGERR ;available memory < file length
437 JSR MLI ;execute READ call
438 HEX CA
439 BWPARM
440 BCC : ;no MLI error
441 CMP #54C
442 BNE FATALERR ;not RANGE ERROR
443 STA #CLOSEAL ;close file
444 LDA #FILCNT+1
445 BNE DBIGERR ;> 255 files in dir
446 LDA #DIRFILES
447 CMP #5F0
448 BCC : ;not in volume dir
449 LDA #DEVNUM ;stuff device number into
450 STA RWFNUM ; R/W BLOCK parmist
451 LDA #HWPTR ;save ptr to start of VBM
452 STA #VMPTR ; in storage area
453 LDA #HWPTR+1
454 STA #VMPTR+1
455 LDY ;
456 #TOTBLKS+1 ;save total number of blocks
457 LDA #TOTBLKS ; on disk device
458 STA #TOTBL
459 BNE : ;
460 #2 ;calculate number of VBM blocks
461 #2 TYA
462 LSR ;divide MSB by 16 to get
463 LSR ; number of VBM blocks-1
464 LSR
465 LSR
466 TAY
467 INY
468 STY #VMBLAS ;save number of VBM blocks
469 CLC ;signal no error
470 RTS ;CC=no error, C5=error
471 -----
472 * Main Loop Error Direction:
473 -----
474 DBIGERR LDA #5F0 ;DIRECTORY TOO LARGE code
475 BNE SECTS ;always
476 DEMPTR LDA #F ;DIRECTORY EMPTY code
477 BNE SECTS ;always
478 FATALERR LDY #0
479 STY #ROUTEFLG ;restart volume search
480 SECTS SEC ;flag error
481 RTS
482 -----
483 * Scan Directory:
484 -----
485 * Set up shop
486 -----
487 SCANDIR LDX #0 ;zero index to PBUF
488 STX SCANFLG ;get dir files on 1st pass
489 LDA ;get number of active
490 STA #FNCTEMP ; files in dir
491 BNE SCANDIR1 ;active file(s) present
492 DEC SCANFLG ;no active files, skip 1st pass
493 ;
494 * Start at first entry in directory block:
495 -----
496 SCANDIR1 LDA #0 ;zero block offset
497 : STA #DIRPGOFS ;save block offset
498 LDA #ENTPL
499 STA #EPBTEMP ;number of file entries in block
500 LDA #DIRFILES ;point at start of files
501 STA DPTR ; in current block LSB
502 LDA #DIRFILES ;point at start
503 ADC #DIRPGOFS ; of files in
504 STA DPTR+1 ; current block MSB
505 ;
506 * Build table of pointers to file entries:
507 -----
508 #2 LDA DPTR ;get file ptr LSB
509 STA #PBF,X ; and save it
510 #1 LDA DPTR+1 ;get file ptr MSB
511 STA #PBF+256,X ; and save it
512 LDY #0
513 LDA (DPTR),Y ;get storage type/name.length
514 #1 STA #ENTPL ; and save it
515 #1 CMP #5EB ;
516 BCS #6 ;skip header
517 BIT #SCANFLG
518 BMI #5 ;scan for deleted files
519 #1
520 * Handle directory file entries:
521 -----
522 #1 TAY
523 #2 BEQ #6 ;skip deleted file
524 LDY #510
525 LDA (DPTR),Y ;get file type
526 CMP #5FB
527 BNE #4 ;skip nondirectory file
528 STA #PBF+512,X ;save file.type code
529 INX ;bump entry count
530 #4 BEQ DBIGERR ;> 256 lines given range error
531 #4 DEC #FNCTEMP ;reduce active file count
532 BNE #6 ;more active files to scan
533 DEC SCANFLG ;get deleted files on 2nd pass
534 BMI SCANDIR1 ;always
535 #1
536 * Handle deleted file entries:
537 -----
538 #5 TAY ;skip active file
539 BNE #1
540 LDY #1

```


LISTING 1: PFRS (continued)

```

542 LDA (DPTR),Y |get 1st char in filename
543 BEQ : |zero means end of entries
544 LDA #0
545 STA PBUF+512,X |save deleted 'file type' code
546 INE |bump entry count
547 BEQ DEICERR |>256 lines gives range error
548
549 * Advance to next entry in block:
550
551 CLC
552 LDA DPTR |advance to next file
553 ADC ENTLEN | in current block
554 STA DPTR
555 INC :
556 INC DPTR+1
557 DEC EPBTEMP |decrement files per block count
558 BNE :2 |not at end of block
559
560 * Advance to next block in directory:
561
562 LDA #DDEF |point at start
563 STA DPTR+1 | dir block
564 DEC DPTR+1
565 LDY #2
566 LDA (DPTR),Y |get forward link LSB
567 INC
568 ORA (DPTR),Y |OR with forward link MSB
569 BEQ :8 |end of dir
570 CLC |more dir blocks so
571 LDA DIRPGDMS | advance to next block
572 ADC #2 | (2 pages per block)
573 JMP :1
574
575 * Final housekeeping:
576
577 CPX #0
578 BEQ :10 |no DIR or DEL files
579 DEC
580 STX TOTLIN |save total number of lines-1
581 BIT BAKUPFLG
582 BMI :9 |bump flag so key block secure
583 INC ROUFPLG
584 LSR BAKUPFLG |clear backup flag
585 CLC |signal no error
586 RTS |CCom error, CSError
587 JMP DEMPTEER |dir empty
588
589 * Print Directory:
590
591 PRDTR LDA #599 |Control-Y
592 JSR COUT |home cursor with screen intact
593 JSR PRITXB |print dir name
594 JSR CXTOPARR |more for more files at top
595 LDA #0 |1st file column is at
596 STA COLUMN |left edge of screen
597 LDA #64 |no more than 64
598 STA MAXSCR |files on screen
599 LDA TOPSCR |set 1st screen line
600 DEC |prepare to zero PBUF index
601 STX CURLIN |and line count
602 LDA #1 |
603 JSR SETROW |3rd row
604 LDA #16 |no more than 16 lines
605 STA ROW |in one column
606 INC |bump PBUF index
607 INC CURLIN |bump line count
608 JSR PRITENTRY |print file entry
609 CPX TOTLIN
610 BCS CBOTARR |last dir line printed
611 DEC MAXSCR |reduce max screen file count
612 BEQ CBOTARR |check for more files at bottom
613 DEC ROW |reduce max row count
614 BNE :2 |room for more files in column
615 LDA COLUMN |bump file column
616 ADC :28 | (28 chars per column)
617 STA COLUMN
618 BNE :1 |always
619
620 * Check/Flag Unprinted Files at Top:
621
622 CXTOPARR LDA TOPSCR
623 BEQ :1 |printing 1st file in dir
624 STA #TITARR
625 LDA #TITARR
626 JSR PRTRSG |signal more files above
627 JSR CLRLED |clear arrows, if present
628 JMP CROUT
629
630 * Check/Flag Unprinted Files at Bottom:
631
632 CBOTARR LDA COLUMN
633 STA OVRCH |set file column
634 LDA MAXSCR
635 BNE :1 |no more files in dir
636 LDY #TITBARR
637 LDA #TITBARR
638 JMP PRTRSG |signal more files below
639 JMP CLRLED
640
641 * Print Directory Entry:
642
643 PRITENTRY TXA
644 PHA |save X-Register
645 LDA PBUF,X |get ptr to file
646 STA DPTR
647 LDA PBUF+256,X
648 STA DPTR+1
649 LDA COLUMN
650 STA OVRCH |set file column
651 JSR UNSELLIN |check if current line selected
652 LDA PBUF+512,X |get file type code
653
654 BEQ :1 |deleted file
655 LDY #3 |dir file
656 :1 LDX #3 |count file type text
657 LDA #TITPUB,Y |get file type char
658 JSR COUT |and print it
659 INC |bump table index
660 DEX |reduce counter
661 BNE :2 |loop back for another char
662 LDA #1
663 JSR COUT |print space
664 JSR PRTRDUF |print file entry
665 JSR CROUT
666 PLA
667 TAX |
668 RTS |restore entry X-Register
669
670 * Check Quitting:
671
672 CKQUIT LDY #TXQUIT
673 LDA #TXTQUIT
674 JSR PRTRSG |print quit message
675 BEQ : |always
676 JSR BELL
677 JSR RKEY |get response
678 AND #80F |upshift
679 CBF #4
680 BEQ PRANSIM |NO
681 CBF #Y
682 BNE :1
683 CLC |signal YES response
684 PHA
685 JSR COUT |print response
686 PLP
687 RTS |CSNO, CCUES
688
689 * Get Menu Keypress:
690
691 *Exit state of P-Reg: N V - B D I Z C Acc. Menu Use
692 ARROW - - - - - 0 - 0 - - - VD
693 PRIOR DIR - 1 - 0 - 0 - 1 - - D
694 ESC - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 1 - - VD
695 QUIT - 0 - 0 - 0 - 0 - 1 - - D
696 NEXT DIR - 1 - 0 - 0 - 1 - 1 not 0 D
697 GOOD UNDELETE - 1 - 0 - 0 - 1 - 0 D
698 BAD UNDELETE - 1 - 0 - 1 - 1 - 1 0 D
699
700 GKMYERR JSR BELL
701 GKMYERR RTI RUTNO
702 RPL :1 |Open-Apple key not down
703 BIT RTSI |Open-Apple key down so set V-flag
704 BNE :2
705 :1 CLV |Open-Apple key not down so clear V-flag
706 :2 LDA KEY |no check keypress
707 BPL GKMYERR |no keypress
708 STA STROBE |get keypress so clear strobe
709 LDX SELLIN |X-Register/original selected line
710 CWP #5E0
711 BCC :3 |upper case entered
712 AND #80F |upshift
713 :3 CWP #584 |down arrow
714 BEQ DNARRY
715 CWP #58E |up arrow
716 BEQ UPARRY
717 CWP #595 |left
718 BEQ FWARRY
719 CWP #58E |right
720 BEQ BCKARRY
721 CWP #0 |quit
722 BEQ :4
723 CWP #580 |examine/undelete
724 BIT RTN
725 CWP #59E |Escape
726 BNE GKMYERR |invalid keypress
727 LDA #59E |clear Z-flag
728 :4 CLV
729 RTS
730
731 * UP ARROW Handler:
732
733 UPARRY LDY SELLIN
734 BEQ UPARRY |1st line currently selected
735 CWP TOPSCR
736 STA #TITARR |top of screen not selected
737 DEC TOPSCR |start displaying 1 higher line
738 :1 DEY |select prior line
739 ENDARR STY SELLIN |select next line
740 BCC :2 |signal arrow key
741 RTS
742 UPARRY LDY CURLIN |select bottom line on screen
743 JMP DNARRY
744
745 * DOWN ARROW Handler:
746
747 DNARRY LDY SELLIN
748 CPY TOTLIN
749 BEQ DNARRY |last line currently selected
750 CPY CURLIN
751 BNE :1 |bottom of screen not selected
752 INC TOPSCR |start displaying 1 lower line
753 :1 INC |select next line
754 BNE DNARRY |always
755 DNARRY LDY TOPSCR |select top line on screen
756 JMP DNARRY
757
758 * FORWARD ARROW Handler:
759
760 FWARRY CLC
761 LDA SELLIN |get selected line
762 TAY |save selected line in Y-Register
763 ADC #1 |16 lines per column
764 CWP CURLIN

```

LISTING 1: PFR.5 (continued)

```

765 BEQ GODARRN ;valid -->
766 BCS BADARRN ;invalid -->
767 GODARRN TAY ;select new line
768 BADARRN JMP ENDARRN
769 -----
770 * BACK ARROW Handler:
771
772 BCKARR -----
773 LDA SELLN ;get selected line
774 TAY
775 SRC #16 ;16 lines per column
776 BCC BADARRN ;invalid <--
777 PHA
778 SRC TOPSCR
779 PLA
780 BCC BADARRN ;invalid <--
781 BCS GODARRN ;always valid <--
782 -----
783 * RETURN Handler:
784
785 RTN LDA ROUTEFLG ;in volume dir all RTNs
786 BEQ RTS1 ;mean get volume dir
787 BVS RTS1 ;BACKUP to prior dir
788 LDA #F1000001 ;becomes value of P-Register
789 PHA ;save on stack
790 LDX #0
791 LDA LD(SPTR),Y ;get storage type/name length
792 BEQ UNDELETE ;UNDELETE: A ← 0; CS, EQ, VC, MI
793 PLP ;NEXT DIR: A ← 0; CS, EQ, VC, MI
794 RTS
795 -----
796 * UNDELETE Error Diagnostics:
797
798 UNLKERR LDA #F3 ;BAD BLOCK code
799 HEX 2C ;skip next 2-byte instruction
800 UNVIGERR LDA #F2 ;BITMAP TOO LARGE code
801 UFATERR JMP UBADRTRN ;save error code
802 -----
803 * UNDELETE FILE:
804
805 UNDELETE PLA ;reset STACK
806 LSR WRXIFLG ;clear write index block flag
807 JSR SETDSPLY ;set display in message box
808 JSR GETVMBUF ;put VBM buffer into parmlist
809 BCS UNVIGERR ;not enough space for parmlist
810 JSR RVBVM ;read VBM into memory
811 BCS UFATERR ;fatal error
812 JSR ZBLKS ;zero block count fields
813 JSR PRNBLKS ; and print result
814 JSR GETKYBL ;get key block of target file
815 JSR FIXVBM ;rezero key block in VBM
816 BCS UNLKERR ;invalid block number
817 LDX STORTYP
818 DEB
819 BEQ DOUNDEL ;sending file
820 JSR SETKEYBL ;set parms for key block
821 CP# #F0C ;X-Register reduced by one
822 BEQ DIRECTORY ;dir file
823 JSR DCI ;prepare key index block
824 BCS UNLKERR ;fatal block number
825 BCS UFATERR ;fatal error
826 DEB
827 BEQ DOUNDEL ;scaping file
828 -----
829 * TREE File Handler:
830
831 JSR DOSUBIX ;prepare subindex block(s)
832 BVS UNLKERR ;invalid block number
833 BCS DOUNDEL ;fatal error
834 -----
835 * DIRECTORY File Handler:
836
837 DIRECTORY JSR DDIR ;prepare dir header
838 BVS UNLKERR ;invalid block number
839 BCS UFATERR ;fatal error
840 -----
841 * Undelete File:
842
843 DOUNDEL JSR COUNDEL ;confirm undelete
844 BCS UGODDRTN ;negative response so depart
845 LDX #0
846 LDA STYPNLEN ;put storage type/name length
847 STA (SPTR),Y ;into file directory
848 INC FILCNT ;bump file count
849 BNE #1
850 INC FILCNT+1
851 JSR WRKEYSIX ;write key/subindex block(s)
852 UNLKERR ;invalid block number
853 BCS UFATERR ;fatal error
854 JSR WRITVBM ;write VBM to disk
855 BCS UFATERR ;fatal error
856 JSR WRITDIR ;write altered dir to disk
857 BCS UFATERR ;fatal error
858 -----
859 * Reset Menu to Compensate for Deleted File:
860
861 LDA TOTLIN ;deleted file was only file
862 BEQ UBADRTRN ;in menu backup to prior dir
863 LDA SELLN ;if undeleted file not
864 CMP TOTLIN ;at end of menu don't
865 BNE UGODDRTN ;change selection else
866 DEC SELLN ;select next higher entry
867 -----
868 * Return to Main Program Loop:
869
870 UGODDRTN LDA #F1000001 ;MI, VC, DC, EQ, CS
871 HEX 2C ;skip next 2-byte instruction
872 UBADRTRN LDA #F8100001 ;VS, CS

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875 UBADRTRN HEX 2C ;skip next 2-byte instruction
876 LDA #F1000101 ;MI, VC, DS, EQ, CS
877 PHA ;save on stack
878 LDA #0 ;signal undelete
879 PLP ;set P-Register for return
880 RTS
881 -----
882 * UNDELETE SUBROUTINES:
883 -----
884 * Set Display in Message Box
885 -----
886 SETDSPLY JSR CLRBOX ;clear message box
887 LDA SPTR ;copy file location from
888 STA DPTR ;SPTR to DPTR
889 LDA SPTR+1
890 STA DPTR+1 ;print deleted filename
891 JSR PRMSG
892 -----
893 * Calculate storage type and name length of deleted file:
894
895 TKA ;#OF
896 STA STYPNLEN ;get name length
897 JSR STYPNLEN ; and save it
898 JSR PRBLNK
899 LDX #80 ;anticipate dir file
900 LDY #16
901 LDA (SPTR),Y
902 CMP #F0F
903 BEQ #3 ;got dir file
904 LDX #3 ;anticipate tree file
905 LDY #17
906 LDA (SPTR),Y ;get high-order EOF byte
907 BEQ #1 ;not tree (EOF < F10000)
908 CMP #F2
909 BCC #2 ;scaping (EOF F10000-FFFF)
910 BNE #3 ;tree (EOF => F30000)
911 DEY
912 LDA (SPTR),Y ;get mid order EOF byte
913 DEY
914 OR# (SPTR),Y ;OR with low-order EOF byte
915 BEQ #2 ;scaping (EOF = 120000)
916 BNE #3 ;tree (EOF F20001-F2FFFF)
917 LDX #15 ;compare 1200 with EOF
918 LDY #0 ;(lo order EOF byte)
919 CMP (SPTR),Y
920 INY
921 LDI #2
922 SBC (SPTR),Y ;subtract mid order EOF byte
923 BCC #2 ;scaping (EOF = 1200)
924 DEX ;seedling (EOF <= 1200)
925 #2 DEX
926 #3 STX STORTYP ;storage type
927 TKA ;shift to high nibble
928 ASL
929 ASL
930 ASL
931 ASL
932 OR# STYPNLEN
933 STA STYPNLEN ;save storage type/name length
934 -----
935 * Print storage type of deleted file:
936
937 DEX
938 BEQ #6 ;seedling file
939 DEX
940 BEQ #5 ;scaping file
941 DEX
942 BEQ #4 ;tree file
943 LDY #XTDIR ;directory file
944 LDA #XTDIR
945 BNE #7 ;always
946 #4 LDY #XTTREE
947 LDA #XTTREE
948 BNE #7 ;always
949 #5 LDY #XTSAP
950 LDA #XTSAP
951 BNE #7 ;always
952 #6 LDY #XTSEED
953 LDA #XTSEED
954 #7 JSR PRMSG
955 -----
956 * Setup to display status of deleted file blocks:
957
958 JSR PRBLNK
959 LDY #XTTREE
960 LDA #XTTREE
961 JSR PRMSG ;print "Blocks Free"
962 LDA #URCH
963 STA FREEPOSN ;save FREE field position
964 #7 LDY #PRBL
965 JSR PRBL
966 LDY #XTUSED
967 LDA #XTUSED
968 JSR PRMSG ;print "Blocks Used"
969 LDA #URCH
970 STA USEDPOSN ;save USED field position
971 RTS
972 -----
973 * Write Directory to Disk:
974
975 WRITDIR LDX ROUTEFLG
976 LDA #BUF+1,X ;put key dir block number
977 STA #RWBLKNUM ; into R/W BLOCK parmlist
978 LDA #BUF+1,20,X ;
979 STA #RWBLKNUM+1 ;
980 LDA #DSEP ;point at start of
981 STA DPTN ; dir LSB
982 STA #RWBLKBUF ;set R/W_BLOCK buffer LSB
983 #DSEP ;point at dir start MSB

```

```

984 :1 STA DPTR+1 :save dir ptr MSB
985 STA RWBLKBUF+1 :set R/W_BLOCK buffer MSB
986 BJR WRITBLK :execute WRITE_BLOCK call
987 BCS :3 :MLI error
988 LDY #2 :index 1st forward link byte
989 LDA (DPTR),Y :get link LSB to next block
990 STA RWBLKNUM : and stuff it into parmlist
991 INY
992 DRA (DPTR),Y :if both link bytes are zero,
993 BEQ :2 : no more blocks in dir
994 LDA (DPTR),Y :get link MSB to next block
995 STA RWBLKNUM+1 : and stuff it into parmlist
996 LDA DPTR+1
997 ADC #2 :add 1 block to block offset
998 BNE :1 :always
999 :2 CLC :signal no error
1000 :3 RTS :CS=error, CC=no error
-----
1001 * Get Start of VBM Buffer:
1002
1003
1004 GETVBMDF LDA #0 :buffer always on
1005 STA RWBLKBUF : page boundary
1006 CLC
1007 LDA EOF+1 :add dir pages to
1008 ADC #>DBUF : start of dir to get
1009 STA RWBLKBUF+1 : start of buffer for VBM blocks
1010 STA VBUF :save start of VBM buffer
1011 ADC VBMBLKS :add pages used
1012 ADC VBMBLKS : by VBM
1013 CMP MENSIZ+1
1014 BEQ :1 :VBM just below HIMEM
1015 BCS :2 :VBM pages > available memory
1016 :1 CLC :signal no error
1017 :2 RTS :CS=space ng, CC=space ok
-----
1018
1019 * Read/Write VBM into Memory:
1020
1021 WRITVBM LDA #0 :stuff VBM buffer into
1022 STA RWBLKBUF : WRITE_BLOCK parmlist
1023 LDA VBUF
1024 STA RWBLKBUF+1
1025 LDA #5B1 :WRITE_BLOCK code
1026 HEX 2C :skip next 2-byte instruction
1027 RDVBM LDA #5B0 :READ_BLOCK code
1028 STA RWBLKCMD
1029 LDX VBMBLKS :count number of VBM blocks
1030 LDA VBMPTR :stuff starting block number of
1031 STA RWBLKNUM : VBM into R/W_BLOCK parmlist
1032 LDA VBMPTR+1
1033 STA RWBLKNUM+1
1034 RRVBM JSR MLI :execute R/W_BLOCK call
1035 RWBLKCMD HEX 00
1036 DA RWBLPARM
-----
1037 BCS :1 :MLI error
1038 DEX
1039 BEQ :1 :all VBM blocks read into memory
1040 LDA RWBLKBUF+1 :bump buffer block
1041 ADC #2
1042 STA RWBLKBUF+1
1043 INC RWBLKNUM :bump block number
1044 BNE RRVBM
1045 INC RWBLKNUM+1
1046 BNE RRVBM :always
1047 :1 RTS :CS=fatal error, CC=no error
-----
1048
1049 * Zero Free/Used Block Count:
1050
1051 ZBLKS LDA #0
1052 STA FREEBLKS :zero count of free and reserved
1053 STA FREEBLKS+1 : blocks in target deleted file
1054 STA USEDBLKS
1055 STA USEDBLKS+1
1056 RTS
-----
1057
1058 * Increment Number of Free/Used Blocks in Deleted File:
1059
1060 INCDSPLY BEQ :1 :reserved block found
1061 INC FREEBLKS :bump free block count
1062 BNE PRBLKS
1063 INC FREEBLKS+1
1064 BNE PRBLKS :always
1065 :1 INC USEDBLKS :bump used block count
1066 BNE PRBLKS
1067 INC USEDBLKS+1 :fall into print code
1068
1069 * Print Count of Free/Used Blocks in Deleted File:
1070
1071 PRBLKS LDA FREEPOSN
1072 STA OURCH :set FREE BLOCKS position
1073 LDA FREEBLKS+1
1074 JSR PRBYTE :print FREE BLOCKS count
1075 LDA FREEBLKS
1076 JSR PRBYTE
1077 LDA USEDPOSN
1078 STA OURCH :set USED BLOCKS position
1079 LDA USEDBLKS+1
1080 JSR PRBYTE :print USED BLOCKS count
1081 LDA USEDBLKS
1082 JMP PRBYTE
-----
1083
1084 * Get Key Block of Deleted File:
1085
1086 GETUKYBL LDY #111
1087 LDA (SPTR),Y :get key pointer and stuff in
1088 STA ACC+1 : my accumulator (MSB/LSB)
1089 STA NYFILBLK : and storage area
1090 INY

```

```

1091 LDA (SPTX),Y
1092 STA ACC
1093 STA RYF1LDBL+1
1094 RTS
1095
1096 * Reserve Block in VBM and Display Block Count:
1097
1098 F1XVBM
1099 PHA
1100 BIT WR1XFLG preserve Y-Register
1101 RMI :1 YBM already changed
1102 LDA TOTBLKS ;check valid block number
1103 CMP ACC+1
1104 LDA TOTBLKS-1
1105 SBC ACC
1106 BCC :2
1107 LDA ACC+1 ;get block number LSB
1108 AND #7 ;isolate bits 0-2 and use as
1109 TAY ;index to
1110 LDBXSTBL,Y ;look up table of bit positions
1111 STA VBMBIT ;save bit position mask
1112 EOR #FFF
1113 STA VBMMSK ;save mask to reserve target bit
1114 LSR ACC ;divide block number by 8
1115 ROR ACC+1
1116 LSR ACC
1117 ROR ACC+1
1118 ROR ACC+1 ;page offset into VBM buffer
1119 LDY ACC+1 ;byte offset into VBM page
1120 LDY ACC+1 ;index target byte
1121 CLC
1122 LDA VBMF ;add starting page of VBM buffer
1123 ADC ACC ;to page offset into VBM buffer
1124 STA DPTR+1 ;and point at target page
1125 LDA #0 which is always
1126 DPTR ;on page boundary
1127 LDA (DPTR),Y ;get target byte
1128 PHA ;save it
1129 AND VBMBIT ;EORblock used, NO-block free
1130 JSR INDDPLY ;update block display
1131 PLA ;recover target byte
1132 AND VBMMSK ;clear target bit to indicate
1133 STA (DPTR),Y ;that block is reserved
1134 :1 CLC ;signal no error
1135 HEX 24 ;skip next 1-byte instruction
1136 :2 SEC ;signal error
1137 PLA
1138 TAY ;restore entry Y-Register
1139 RTS ;CC=0 error, CS=Error
1140
1141 * Check Underline:
1142
1143 CHUNDEL JSR CROUT
1144 LDR #Y ;set affirmative default
1145 LDA USEDDBLKS
1146 ORA USEDDBLKS+1
1147 BEQ :1 ;no used blocks in deleted file
1148 JSR SETINV
1149 LDY #XTXIMJSE
1150 LDA #XTXINJSE
1151 JSR PRMSG ;print "BLOCK(S) IN USE" message
1152 JSR SETNOVM
1153 LDR #N ;change to negative default
1154 :1 JSR CROUT
1155 LDY #XTXUNDEL
1156 LDA #XTXUNDEL
1157 JSR PRMSG ;print the critical question
1158 TXA
1159 JSR COUT ;output the default response
1160 LDA #SB
1161 JSR COUT ;backspace
1162 JMP :3
1163 :2 JSR BELL
1164 :3 JSR REXEY
1165 CMP #SEB
1166 BCC :4 ;upper case entered
1167 AND #SDF ;get rid of lower case
1168 :4 CMP #N
1169 BEQ :5 ;YES keypress
1170 CMP #N
1171 BCC :6 ;NO keypress
1172 CMP #SBD
1173 BNE :2 ;invalid keypress
1174 TXA
1175 CMP #N ;check default response
1176 BEQ :6 ;NO
1177 :5 CLC ;signal YES response
1178 :6 JMP PRANSW ;CS=NO, CC=YES
1179
1180 * Prepare Index Block for Undeletion:
1181
1182 DOEX STY RWBLKNUM
1183 STB RWBLKNUM+1
1184 JSR RDDBLK ;execute READ_BLOCK call
1185 BCS :3 ;MLI error
1186 LDY R0 ;block index
1187 :1 LDA (EXPTR),Y ;get block number MSB and
1188 STA ACC ;stuff in my accumulator
1189 INC IXPTR+1 ;2nd page
1190 ORA (EXPTR),Y
1191 BEQ :2 ;no block number given
1192 LDA (EXPTR),Y ;get block number LSB and
1193 STA ACC+1 ;stuff in my accumulator
1194 DEC IXPTR+1 ;1st page
1195 STA (EXPTR),Y ;reverse MSB and LSB
1196 LDA ACC
1197 INC IXPTR+1 ;2nd page
1198 STA (EXPTR),Y
1199 JSR FXVBM ;reserve block in VBM
1200 BCS :4 ;invalid block number
1201 :2 DEC IXPTR+1 ;1st page
1202 INT ;bump index to index block
1203 BNE :1 ;loop back for another block
1204 BIT WR1XFLG
1205 BPL :3 ;not writing block to disk
1206 JSR WRITBLK ;execute WRITE_BLOCK call
1207 :3 CLV
1208 RTS ;CC=0 error, CS,V=fatal error
1209 :4 BIT
1210 RTS ;CS,V=bad block number error
1211
1212 * Prepare Subindex Block(s) for Undeletion:
1213
1214 DOSUBIX LDY #SBUF ;set subindex block buffer
1215 LDA #SBUF+1 ;and stuff in Y-Register
1216 STY RWBLKBUF ;in R/W_BLOCK parmlist
1217 RWBLKBUF+1
1218 STY IXPTR ;point to subindex block buffer
1219 STA IXPTR+1
1220 LDA #0 ;save block index
1221 LDY #XSAV ;save block index
1222 LDY #XSAV ;get block number LSB
1223 LDY #XSAV ;and stuff in Y-Register
1224 LDY #XSAV ;get block number MSB in Accumulator
1225 JSR DOIX ;prepare & write subindex block
1226 BCS HTS2 ;CS=fatal or bad block # error
1227 LDY #XSAV ;restore block index
1228
1229 BPL :1 ;max of 128 subindex blocks
1230 RTS ;CC=0 error, CS,V=error
1231
1232 * Write Key Block or Subindex Block(s) to Disk:
1233
1234 WKEYSIX CLC ;anticipate no error
1235 CLV
1236 STORWYP
1237 DEX
1238 BEQ HTS2 ;ceeding has no index block
1239 DEX
1240 BEQ
1241 JSR WRITBLK ;writing has 1 index block
1242 JSR SETKYBLK ;set parms for key block
1243 JSR WRITBLK ;write key block to disk
1244 BCS HTS2 ;MLI error
1245 BNE HTS2 ;dir has no subindex block(s)
1246 LDA #1 ;tree has subindex block(s)
1247 STA RWXFLG ;set write index block flag
1248 ANP DOSUBIX ;and R/W subindex block(s)
1249
1250 * Execute WRITE_BLOCK Call:
1251 WRITBLK JSR MLI
1252 HEX 81
1253 CLV
1254 RWBLPARM
1255 BPL :1 ;valid bad block number error
1256 BCC HTS ;CC=0 error, CS,V=fatal error
1257
1258 * Execute READ_BLOCK Call:
1259 RDDBLK JSR MLI
1260 HEX 80
1261 DA
1262 RWBLPARM ;CC=0 error, CS=fatal error
1263
1264 * Set Parameters for Key Block:
1265 STYBLK #SBUF ;set has 1 or more index blocks
1266 LDA #SBUF ;set key buffer in
1267 STY RWBLKBUF ;R/W_BLOCK parmlist
1268 STA RWBLKBUF+1
1269 IXPTR ;point to key index block buffer
1270 STA IXPTR+1
1271 LDY RYF1LDBL ;set key block number in
1272 LDA RYF1LDBL+1 ;R/W_BLOCK parmlist
1273 STA RWBLKNUM+1
1274 RTS
1275
1276 * Prepare Directory File for Undeletion:
1277
1278 DDOR JSR RDDBLK ;read key block into key buffer
1279 BCS :1 ;MLI error
1280 LDA #1
1281 STA DBLKS ;count dir blocks
1282 LDY #SBUF ;set buffer for nonkey blocks
1283 LDY #SBUF+1
1284 STY RWBLKBUF ;point to key index block buffer
1285 STA RWBLKBUF+1
1286 LDY #BUF+2 ;get forward link LSB
1287 LDA #BUF+3 ;OR with forward link MSB
1288 BEQ :2 ;done
1289 LDA #BUF+3 ;get forward link MSB
1290 STA ACC+1 ;stuff block number in my
1291 STY RWBLKNUM ; Accumulator (MSB/LSB)
1292 STA ACC ;and R/W_BLOCK parmlist
1293 RWBLKNUM+1
1294 JSR F1XVBM ;reserve block in VBM
1295 BCS :4 ;invalid block number
1296 JSR RDDBLK ;read next dir block
1297 BCS :3 ;MLI error
1298 INC DBLKS ;bump block count
1299 LDY #BUF+2 ;get forward link LSB
1300 LDA #BUF+3 ;OR with forward link MSB
1301 BEQ :2 ;done
1302 LDA #BUF+3 ;get forward link MSB
1303 BCC :1 ;always loop back
1304 :3 CLC
1305 STYLEN ;put storage type/name length
1306 ADC #10 ;plus $10 (i.e. $X)
1307 STA #BUF+4 ;stuff block number in my
1308 LDY #1 ;always loop back
1309 LDA (SPTX),Y ;get blocks used in file entry
1310 CMP DBLKS
1311 BNE ;anticipate error
1312 BCC :4 ;invalid key block
1313 CLC ;flag no error
1314

```

```

1319 3 CLV
1320 4 RTS :C:Co error. CS:Vofatal error
1321 4 BIT RTS1 :set overflow flag
1322 RTS :CS:V$bad block number error
1323 =====
1324 - PARAMETER LISTS:
1325 =====
1326 OLPARM HEX 02 :ON LINE PARMLIST
1327 HEX 00 :unit.num (all volumes)
1328 DA 0BUF :data buffer
1329
1330 EOPARM HEX 02 :SET/GET EOP PARMLIST
1331 EOREFLM HEX 00 :ref.num
1332 EOF DS 3 :EOF
1333
1334 OPPARM HEX 03 :OPEN PARMLIST
1335 DA TXBUF2 :path pointer
1336 DA 0BUF :io buffer
1337 OPREFLM HEX 00 :ref.num
1338
1339 RWPARM HEX 04 :READ/WRITE PARMLIST
1340 RWREFLM HEX 00 :ref.num
1341 DA 0BUF :data buffer
1342 RWCOUNT DA 0 :request count
1343 DA 0 :trans count
1344
1345 CLPARM HEX 01 :CLOSE PARMLIST
1346 HEX 00 :ref.num (all files)
1347
1348 RWBLPARM HEX 03 :READ/WRITE BLOCK PARMLIST
1349 RWBLNUM HEX 00 :unit.num
1350 RWBLKBUF DA 0 :data buffer
1351 RWBLKNUM DA 0 :block num
1352 =====

```

```

1426 TXDDEMT HEX 8D
1427 ASC 'DIRECTORY EMPTY',87,8D,8D
1428 TXVBIG HEX 8D
1429 ASC 'BITMAP TOO LARGE',87,8D,8D
1430 TXBLK HEX 8D
1431 ASC 'BAD BLOCK NUMBER',87,8D,8D
1432 END
1433 PAG

```

END OF LISTING 1

```

1353 - STORAGE:
1354 =====
1355 ROUTEFLG HEX 00 :EQ=volume, NE=directory
1356 DELFLG HEX 00 :PL=select top, MI=select same
1357 BACKPFLG HEX 00 :PL=no backup, MI=backup
1358 SCANFLG HEX 00 :PL=DIR file, MI=deleted file
1359 WRXFLG HEX 00 :PL=no write, MI=write index
1360 TEMP HEX 00 :temporary storage
1361 ISAV HEX 00 :store X-Register
1362 DIRPOFS HEX 00 :page offset into dir
1363 FCNTTEMP HEX 00 :active files remaining
1364 EPTEMP HEX 00 :file entries per block
1365 COLUMN HEX 00 :column-1 of dir printout
1366 ROW HEX 00 :row of dir printout
1367 SELLIN HEX 00 :selected line-1 in file menu
1368 CURLIN HEX 00 :current/bottom line-1 in menu
1369 TOPSCR HEX 00 :top screen line-1 of dir
1370 WAKSCR HEX 00 :maximum lines on screen
1371 TOTLIN HEX 00 :total lines-1 in dir
1372 KEKRCODE HEX 00 :error code during undeletion
1373 =====
1374 STORTYP HEX 00 :storage type
1375 STYPLEN HEX 00 :storage type/name length
1376 TOTBLKS DS 2 :total blocks on disk device
1377 VBMPTR DS 2 :number of 1st VBM block
1378 VBUF HEX 00 :starting page of VBM buffer
1379 VBMLKS DS 00 :number of VBM blocks
1380 VBMBIT HEX 00 :bit position mask in VBM byte
1381 VBMMK HEX 00 :mask to clear target bit
1382 FREDBLKS DS 2 :number of free blocks
1383 USEDRLKS DS 2 :number of used blocks
1384 FREPOSN HEX 00 :position of used blocks display
1385 USEDPOSN HEX 00 :position of used blocks display
1386 ACC DS 2 :my accumulator (MSB/LSB)
1387 KYFILBLK DS 2 :key block number of target file
1388 DBLKS DS 2 :count of dir blocks
1389 =====

```

KEY PERFECT 5.0
RUN ON
PFR

CODE-5.0	ADDR# -	ADDR#	CODE-4.0
B497611C	0900 -	094F	293C
BC35448D	0950 -	099F	2838
81679A53	09A0 -	09EF	2774
ADB2BDF3	09F0 -	0A3F	29A1
2DC2A286	0A40 -	0ABF	2847
8646EFF2	0A90 -	0ADF	2CC4
A360D87F	0AE0 -	0BF2	2690
7123B6F9	0B30 -	0BF7	27F4
C8C183A0	0B80 -	0BCF	2A7E
DA0018DA	0BD0 -	0C1F	2878
69CEBD41	0C20 -	0C6F	2A90
F1743EB0	0C70 -	0CBF	255E
610B471C	0CC0 -	0D0F	2818
F2B7D6D4	0D10 -	0D5F	27BC
98DB5306	0D60 -	0DAF	2863
2707114A	0DB0 -	0DDF	2890
3ED3BE50	0E00 -	0E4F	2433
1CB4F2C8	0E50 -	0E9F	29F2
8BB24955	0EA0 -	0EEF	27BC
E087785D	0EF0 -	0F3F	28AB
7AE31E36	0F40 -	0F8F	2141
7ACA2FD3	0F90 -	0FDF	283F
D66CFDA3	0FE0 -	102F	22FB
83380350	1030 -	107F	2680
2D11665B	1080 -	10CF	2633
F48C62A2	10D0 -	111F	29CF
5340028F	1120 -	116F	2807
F82CB7AA	1170 -	11BF	2588
4F70FA9D	11C0 -	120F	2586
20046226	1210 -	125F	2289
1332368F	1260 -	12AF	27A3
08B7CC3A	12B0 -	12FF	2888
67F48827	1300 -	134F	25A1
BE5F853C	1350 -	139F	241E
C93BA859	13A0 -	13D2	182F
1608A42E	=	PROGRAM TOTAL =	0AD3

```

1390 - TABLES:
1391 =====
1392 FITYPTBL ASC "DEL" :file type table
1393 ASC "DIR"
1394
1395 VBMSKTBL HEX 00,40,20,10,00,04,02,01 :VBM byte masks
1396 =====
1397 - TEXT:
1398 =====
1399 TXTHLP1 ASC "ESC-restart Q-quit"
1400 ASC "ARROWS-select RTN-next dir",00
1401 TXTHLP2 ASC "undelete"
1402 HEX 18,0F
1403 ASC "A"
1404 HEX 0E,18
1405 ASC "RTN-prior dir",00
1406 TXTCAT ASC "P=DDOS FILE RECOVERY",00
1407 TXTSLDRV ASC "S/D VOLUME NAME",00,8D,00
1408 TXTPAUSE ASC "Hit a key",00
1409 TXTTAOW HEX 19,0F
1410 HEX D2,1C,D2,1C,D2,1C,D2,1C,D2
1411 HEX 0E,18,00
1412 TXTBARR HEX 18,0F
1413 HEX D1,1C,D1,1C,D1,1C,D1,1C,D1
1414 HEX 0E,18,00
1415 TXTQUIT ASC "Quit (Y/N)?",00
1416 TXTDIR ASC "(Directory)?",00
1417 TXTREE ASC "(Tree)?",00
1418 TXTSAP ASC "(Sapling)?",00
1419 TXTSFED ASC "(Seedling)?",00
1420 TXTFREE ASC "Free Blocks: ",00
1421 TXTUSED ASC "Used Blocks: ",00
1422 TXTPAUSE ASC "BLOCK(S) IN USE: ",00
1423 TXTUNDEL ASC "Undelete the file (Y/N)?",00
1424 TXTDBG HEX 8D
1425 ASC "DIRECTORY TOO LARGE",87,8D,8D

```

LISTING 2: PFR

START: 900

LENGTH: A03

```

4E 0078: A9 2F AE 80 02 EB C8 9D
05 0080: 80 02 B1 FC CE 2F 12 10
3B 0088: F4 8E 80 02 60 20 00 BF
DA 0090: C8 14 12 80 0F AD 19 12
01 0098: 8D 1B 12 8D 10 12 20 00
79 00A0: BF D1 0F 12 B0 65 AD 12
08 00A8: 12 8D 1F 12 AD 11 12 8D
11 00B0: 1E 12 A5 74 E9 20 CD 12
42 00B8: 12 90 48 20 00 BF CA 1A
C6 00C0: 12 90 04 C9 4C 44 20
35 00C8: 69 0A AD 26 21 0D 34 AD
02 00D0: C4 21 C9 F0 90 2B AD 30
3B 00D8: BF 8D 25 12 AD 27 21 8D
86 00E0: 4D 12 AD 28 21 8D 41 12
CE 00E8: AC 2A 21 8C 3F 12 AD 29
FB 00F0: 21 8D 3E 12 D0 01 88 98
7A 00F8: 4A 4A 4A 4A 4A 8C 8C 43
DA 0000: 12 1E 60 0A F0 0D 09 A9
09 0008: F1 06 05 A0 08 0C 2A 12
0A 0010: 38 60 A2 00 8E 2D 12 AD
0B 0018: 25 21 8D 32 12 D0 03 CE
DC 0020: 2D 12 A9 00 8D 31 12 AD
83 0028: 24 21 8D 33 12 A9 04 85
10 0030: FA 18 A9 21 6D 31 12 85
69 0038: FB A5 FA 90 06 1A 65 FA
75 0040: 9D 00 17 A0 00 B1 FA A8
DB 0048: C9 0E B0 31 2C 2D 12 30
39 0050: 1B 8A F0 29 A0 10 B1 FA
07 0058: C9 0F D0 06 90 0D 18 E8
8A 0060: F0 A1 CE 32 12 D0 15 CE
C2 0068: 2D 12 30 AB 0D 0E AD
63 0070: 01 B1 FA F0 31 A9 8D 90
86 0078: 00 18 E8 F0 86 1A 85 FA
46 0080: 6D 23 21 85 FA 90 02 6E
DF 0088: FB CE 33 12 D0 AB A9 0D
99 0090: 85 FA C6 FB AD 02 B1 FA
07 0098: C8 11 FA F0 09 18 AD 31
FF 00A0: 12 69 02 AC 24 0C 0E 00
CE 00A8: F0 11 CA 8E 3A 12 2C 2C
41 00B0: 12 30 03 EE 2A 12 A9 2C
FE 00B8: 12 18 60 4C 07 0E 2C 99
B3 00C0: 20 ED F0 2D 51 0E 20 04
3B 00C8: 0D A9 80 0D 34 12 A9 40
1B 00D0: 8D 39 12 AE 38 12 CA 9E
97 00D8: 37 12 A9 01 28 C1 0A A9
DE 00E0: 10 8D 35 12 E8 EE 37 12
27 00E8: 20 0D EC 3A 12 D0 26
AF 00F0: C9 32 12 F0 21 CE 35 12
50 00F8: D0 EA AD 34 12 69 14 8D
09 0000: 34 12 D0 D6 AD 38 12 F0
41 0008: 07 A0 E7 A9 12 20 00 8F
64 0010: 20 9C FC 8E FD AD 34
62 0018: 12 8D 7B 05 AD 39 12 D0
60 0020: 07 AC F5 A9 12 4C FA 09
77 0028: 4C 9C FC 8A 48 00 16
45 0030: 85 FA 8D 00 17 85 FB AD
22 0038: 34 12 8D 7B 05 20 70 0A
62 0040: 8D 0E 1A 8F 02 AB 03
A7 0048: A2 03 B9 52 12 20 ED F0
CC 0050: C8 CA 8D F6 A9 AD 20 ED
87 0058: F0 20 98 0A 20 8E FD 68
AD 0060: AA 60 0C 93 A9 13 20 FA
90 0068: 09 F0 09 03 3C 12 8D
14 0070: FD 29 CF AD 03 CE F0 85
74 0078: D9 D0 F0 18 09 20 ED FD
14 0080: 28 60 20 3A FF 2C 61 C0
78 0088: 10 05 2C C0 0D 70 01 88
10 0090: AD 00 C0 10 F0 8D 10 C8
9F 0098: AE 36 12 C9 0E 90 22 F0
1C 00A0: DF C9 8A F0 35 C9 8B F0
C4 00A8: 18 C9 95 F0 46 C9 8B F0
C7 00B0: 5A 09 D1 F0 0A C9 8D F0
87 00B8: 5E C9 90 D0 C5 A9 9B 88
55 00C0: 60 AC 36 12 F0 0E CC 38
17 00C8: 12 D0 03 CE 38 12 8B 8C
77 00D0: 36 12 18 60 AC 37 12 4C
DD 00D8: CF 00 AC 36 12 CC 3A 12
E6 00E0: F0 08 CC 37 12 D0 03 EE
52 00E8: 38 12 C8 D0 E2 AC 38 12
DC 00F0: 4C 0D 18 AD 36 12 A8
3D 00F8: 69 10 CD 37 12 F0 02 80
6B 0000: 01 A8 4C CF 0D 38 AD 36
6E 0008: 12 A8 E9 10 90 F4 48 ED
05 0010: 38 12 68 90 B0 EA AD
2B 0E18: 2A 12 F0 A0 70 A2 A5 83
70 0E20: 48 A0 00 B1 FC F0 00 28
D8 0E28: 60 A9 F3 2C A9 F2 8D 38
CF 0E30: 12 4C 85 0E 68 4E 2E 12
3R 0E38: 20 BC 0E 20 92 0F 80 EC
56 0E40: 20 BF 0F B0 E9 20 F1 0F
DE 0E48: 20 14 10 2E 38 10 20 4C
28 0E50: 10 60 D6 AE AC 3C 12 CA F0
EA 0E58: 21 20 8F 11 E0 0C 07 CA
A0 0E60: 20 FC 10 70 CA B0 F3 1A
39 0E68: F0 10 20 3C 11 70 BA 80
23 0E70: 8D 90 30 20 AA 11 70 B1
65 0E78: 00 B4 20 AD 10 30 B0 A0
98 0E80: 00 AD 3D 12 91 FC EE 25
93 0E88: 21 D0 03 EE 26 21 20 62
A0 0E90: 11 70 96 B0 99 20 B1 0F
3B 0E98: 80 9A 20 57 0F B0 8F AD
BB 0EA0: 34 12 F0 0E AD 36 12 CD
94 0EA8: 3A 12 D0 03 CE 36 12 A9
EF 0EB0: 83 2C A9 41 2C A9 8B 48
CA 0EB8: A9 00 28 60 20 C4 0A A5
CC 0EC0: FC 85 FA A5 FD 85 FB 20
38 0EC8: 98 0A 8A A9 0F 8D 3D 12
89 0ED0: 00 48 F9 A2 00 10 81
87 0ED8: FC 9F 0F 27 A2 03 90
3E 0EE0: C7 B1 FC F0 10 C9 02 80
5F 0EE8: 1A D0 19 8B B1 FC 88 11
AA 0EF0: FC F0 10 8D 0F AD 15 A9
18 0EF8: 00 D1 CE C8 A9 32 F1 FC
E8 0F00: 90 01 CA 8E 3C 12 8A
2 0F08: 0A 0A 0A 0A 0D 3D 12 8D
70 0F10: 3D 12 CA F0 18 CA F0 0F
1C 0F18: CA F0 06 A0 10 A9 13 D0
58 0F20: 10 A0 1C A9 13 D0 0A 80
7D 0F28: 23 A9 13 D0 0A AD 20 A9
40 0F30: 13 20 FA 09 20 48 F9 A0
C0 0F38: 3B A9 13 20 FA 09 AD 7B
80 0F40: 05 8D 4A 12 02 07 20 4A
99 0F48: F9 A0 47 A9 13 20 FA 09
AC 0F50: AD 7B 05 8D 48 12 60 AE
F1 0F58: 2A 12 BD FF 14 8D 28 12
04 0F60: BD 7F 15 8D 29 12 A9 00
62 0F68: 85 FA 80 26 12 A9 21 85
FF 0F70: FB 8D 27 12 20 80 11 B0
53 0F78: 18 A0 02 B1 FA 8D 28 12
99 0F80: C8 11 FA F0 08 B1 FA 8D
70 0F88: 29 12 A5 FB 69 02 D0 DF
25 0F90: 18 60 A9 00 8D 26 12 18
1C 0F98: AD 12 12 69 21 8D 27 12
FC 0FA0: 8D 42 12 6D 43 12 6D 43
C2 0FA8: 12 C5 74 F0 02 80 81 18
64 0FB0: 60 A9 8D 0E 26 12 AD 49
E2 0FB8: 12 8D 27 12 A9 81 2C A2
30 0FC0: 80 8D 06 0F AE 43 12 AD
D8 0FC8: 40 12 8D 28 12 AD 41 12
FB 0FD0: 8D 29 12 20 08 BF 8D 24
01 0FE0: 12 69 02 ED 27 12 EE 28
C1 0FE8: 12 D0 8E 8E 29 12 D0 E3
3C 0FF0: 60 A9 8D 0E 46 12 8D 47
60 0FF8: 12 8D 48 12 8D 40 12 60
90 1000: 0F 0A 12 D0 8D EE
44 1010: 83 EE 49 12 AD 4A 12 8D
61 1018: 7B 05 AD 47 12 20 DA FD
E6 1020: AD 46 12 20 DA FD AD 4B
D8 1028: 12 8D 70 85 AD 49 12 20
C9 1030: DA FD AD 48 12 4C DA FD
7F 1038: AD 11 B1 FC 8D 4D 12 8D
FB 1040: 4E 12 C8 B1 FC 8D 4C 12
17 1048: 8D 4F 12 60 98 2C 2E
6D 1050: 12 30 5D AD 3E 12 CD AD
20 1058: 12 AD 3F 12 ED 4C 12 90
89 1060: 44 AD 12 12 29 07 AB 89
45 1068: 58 12 8D 44 12 49 FF 8D
58 1070: 45 12 4E 4C 12 6E AD 12
AE 1078: 4E 4C 12 6E AD 12 4E 4C
DE 1080: 12 6E AD 12 AC AD 12 18
09 1088: AD 42 12 6D AC 12 85 FB
E3 1090: A9 00 85 FA B1 FA 48 2D
AF 1098: 44 12 20 00 10 68 2D 45
17 10A0: 12 91 FA 18 24 38 68 AB
EB 10A8: 60 20 8E FD A2 09 AD 48
BE 10B0: 12 8D 49 12 F0 0F 28 8D

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7E 108B:FE A0 56 A9 13 20 FA 09
0E 10CC:20 84 FE A2 CE 20 8E FD
F2 10CA:00 67 A9 13 20 FA 09 8A
84 10A0:20 ED FD A9 8B 20 ED FD
9F 10D8:4C DE 10 20 3A FF 29 0C
9A 10E0:FD C9 E0 90 02 29 DF C9
DE 10E8:D9 F0 0D C9 CE F0 0A C9
28 10F0:8D D0 E8 8A C9 CE F0 01
33 10F8:18 4C 7C 0D 8C 28 12 8D
5C 1100:29 12 20 88 11 80 F2 A0
6E 1108:00 B1 EE 8D 4C 12 E6 EF
17 1110:11 EE F0 15 81 EE 8D 4D
0E 1118:12 C6 EF 91 EE AD 4C 12
06 1120:E6 EF 91 EE 20 4C 10 80
53 1128:0F C6 EF C8 0D DB 2C 2E
86 1130:12 10 03 20 80 11 88 60
84 1138:2C C0 0D 60 A0 00 A9 1E
A6 1140:8C 26 12 8D 27 12 84 8E
CA 1148:85 EF A2 0E 8E 30 12 8D
C8 1150:00 19 A8 BD 00 1A 20 FC
CA 1158:10 80 05 AE 30 12 E8 10
E9 1160:EB 60 18 B8 AE 3C 12 CA
AE 1168:F0 F7 CA F0 13 20 8F 11
12 1170:20 80 11 B0 EC CA D0 E9
27 1178:A9 FF 8D 2E 12 4C 3C 11
8A 1180:20 00 BF 81 24 12 B8 60
85 1188:20 00 BF 80 24 12 60 A0
03 1190:00 A9 19 8C 26 12 8D 27
7F 1198:12 84 EE 85 EF AC 4E 12
F8 11A0:AD 4F 12 8C 28 12 8D 29
8B 11A8:12 60 20 88 11 80 56 A9
84 11B0:01 8D 50 12 A0 00 A9 1B
06 11B8:8C 26 12 8D 27 12 AC 62
2D 11C0:19 98 00 63 19 F0 2A AD
E9 11C8:03 19 8C AD 12 8C 28 12
34 11D0:8D 4C 12 8D 20 88 11 80
0A 11D8:10 80 2C 20 88 11 80 25
F3 11E0:EE 50 12 AC 02 1B 98 0D
E2 11E8:03 1B F0 05 AD 03 18 90
5E 11F0:D9 18 AD 3D 12 69 10 8D
65 11F8:04 19 A0 13 B1 FC CD 50
8B 1200:12 38 D0 03 18 88 60 2C
8F 1208:C0 0D 60 02 00 01 02
55 1210:00 60 00 00 03 80 02 00
89 1218:1D 00 04 00 00 21 00 00
D2 1220:00 60 01 00 03 00 00 00
52 1228:00 60 00 00 00 00 00 00
3D 1230:00 60 00 00 00 00 00 00
1A 1238:00 60 00 00 00 00 00 00
87 1240:00 60 00 00 00 00 00 00
A6 1248:00 60 00 00 00 00 00 00
49 1250:00 60 C4 C5 CC CA C9 D2
94 1258:80 40 20 10 08 04 02 01
DA 1260:C5 D3 C3 AD F2 E5 F3 F4
9F 1268:E1 F2 F4 A0 A0 A0 D1 AD
02 1270:F1 F5 E9 F4 A0 A0 C1
22 1278:D2 D2 CF D7 D3 AD F3 E5
19 1280:EC E5 E3 F4 A0 A0 D2
AF 1288:DC CE AD EE E5 F8 F4 AE
E9 1290:E4 E9 F2 00 AF F5 EE E4
FC 1298:E5 EC E5 F4 E5 A0 A0
BA 12A0:18 0F C1 0E 18 D2 D4 CE
97 12A8:AD F0 F2 E9 EF F2 AE F4
25 12B0:E9 F2 00 D0 F2 EF C4 FC
87 12B8:D3 A0 C6 C9 CC C5 A0 D2
08 12C0:C5 C3 CF D6 C5 D2 D9 00
DE 12C8:D3 AF CA A0 A0 D6 CF
E1 12D0:CC D5 CD C5 A0 CE C1 CD
F6 12D8:C5 8D 80 8C C8 E9 F4 A0
60 12E0:E1 A0 ER F5 F9 A0 0B 1B
CA 12E8:0F D2 1C D2 1C D2 1C D2
49 12F0:1C D2 0E 18 00 1B 0F D1
81 12F8:1C D1 1C D1 1C D1 1C D1
1A 1300:0E 00 01 F5 E9 F4 A0
34 1308:A8 D9 AF CE A9 BF A0 0F
2B 1310:A8 CA E9 F2 E5 E3 F4 EF
79 1318:F2 F9 A9 00 A8 D4 F2 E5
2B 1320:E5 A9 00 A8 D3 E1 F0 EC
42 1328:E9 EF F7 A9 00 A8 D3 E5
5F 1330:E5 E4 EC E9 EE E7 A9 00
33 1338:C6 F2 E5 E5 A0 C2 EC EF
DA 1340:E3 EB F3 BA A0 A4 00 D5
53 1348:F3 E5 E4 A0 C2 EC EF E3
F4 1350:EB F3 BA A0 A4 00 C2 CC
48 1358:CF C3 CB AD D3 A9 A0 C9
F3 1360:CE A0 D5 D3 C5 87 00 D5
D6 1368:EE E4 E5 EC E5 F4 E5 A0
C8 1370:F4 E8 E5 A0 E6 E9 EC E5
11 1378:A0 8D A9 DF AC E9 RF A0
6C 1380:00 8D C4 C9 D2 C5 C3 D4
C6 1388:CF D2 D9 A0 D4 CF CF A0
2B 1390:CC C1 D2 C7 C5 87 8D 00
86 1398:8D C4 C9 D2 C5 C3 D4 CF
BB 13A0:D2 D9 A0 C5 CD D0 D4 D9
C6 13A8:87 8D 00 8D C2 C9 D4 CD
34 13B0:C1 D0 A0 D4 CF CF A0 CC
89 13B8:C1 D2 C7 C5 87 8D 00 8D
C8 13C0:C2 C1 C4 A0 C2 CF C3 C3
DF 13C8:CB A0 CE D5 CD C2 C5 D2
74 13D0:87 8D 00

```

TOTAL: B299

END OF LISTING 2

KEY PERFECT 5.0
RUN ON
PRACTICE.PFR

CODE-5.0	LINE#	LINE#	CODE-4.0
0C8A5543	1	20	8502
DF3EDDE8	30	120	300A
50750F05	130	220	7676
77FCB294	230	320	3586
40CF3FDA	330	420	3095
741FD429	430	520	4326
B289EBC3	= PROGRAM TOTAL =		0443

LISTING 3: PRACTICE.PFR

```

CB 1 REM *****
47 2 REM * PRACTICE.PFR *
47 3 REM * PRODOS FILE RECOVERY *
3F 4 REM * BY SANDY MOSSBERG *
5C 5 REM * COPYRIGHT (C) 1988 *
BF 6 REM * MICROSPARC, INC *
BF 7 REM * CONCORD, MA 01742 *
90 8 REM *****
37 10 REM Volume name of disk is in line 20. Chan
    ge this name to the name of your test disk.
56 20 VS = "/RAM"
0B 30 DS = CHR$(4)
78 40 PRINT DS"PREFIX"
30 50 INPUT P$
9A 60 PRINT DS"PREFIX"VS
45 70 REM *
E9 80 FOR I = 1 TO 4
97 90 PRINT DS"CREATE DIR" I
DO 100 NEXT I
D7 110 REM *
19 120 PRINT DS"BSAVE BIGTREE,AS2000,L1,BS5FFFF"
58 130 PRINT DS"BSAVE TINYTREE,AS2000,L1,BS20000"
83 140 PRINT DS"BSAVE BIGSAP,AS2000,L1,BS1FFFF"
BF 150 PRINT DS"BSAVE TINSAP,AS2000,L1,BS200"
4B 160 PRINT DS"BSAVE BIGSEED,AS2000,L1,BS1FF"
FB 170 PRINT DS"BSAVE TINYSEED,AS2000,L0"
7E 180 PRINT DS"DELETE BIGTREE"
1D 190 REM *
24 200 FOR I = 1 TO 15
2D 210 PRINT DS"CREATE DIR1/DIRECTORY.FILE" I
CA 220 NEXT I

```

```

5E 230 REM *
83 240 FOR J = 1 TO 10
5C 250 PRINT DS"SAVE DIR1/FILE" J
46 260 NEXT J
D2 270 REM *
84 280 PRINT DS"SAVE DIR2/FILE1"
DC 290 REM *
84 300 FOR J = 1 TO 10
CD 310 PRINT DS"SAVE DIR4/FILE" J
E4 320 NEXT J
60 330 REM *
04 340 FOR J = 1 TO 10
9B 350 PRINT DS"DELETE DIR4/FILE" J
61 360 NEXT J
77 370 PRINT DS"DELETE DIR4"
9F 380 REM *
AD 390 PRINT DS"DELETE DIR2/FILE1"
2B 400 REM *
F6 410 FOR J = 1 TO 10
3A 420 PRINT DS"DELETE DIR1/FILE" J
52 430 NEXT J
87 440 REM *
4E 450 PRINT DS"DELETE TINYTREE"
38 460 PRINT DS"DELETE BIGSAP"
38 470 PRINT DS"DELETE TINSAP"
04 480 PRINT DS"DELETE BIGSEED"
E3 490 PRINT DS"DELETE TINYSEED"
11 500 REM *
27 510 PRINT DS"PREFIX"PS
3A 520 PRINT CHR$(7)

```

TOTAL: AED1

END OF LISTING 3